

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS JOIN IN CONFERENCE

Medicos from All States and Canada Now in Washington.

Representative health officers of practically all the States in the Union and of the Canadian provinces met yesterday in the board room of the District Building and opened the thirty-third annual meeting of the conference of State and provincial boards of health of North America.

The meeting will close after a morning and an afternoon session today. Resolutions were presented at the afternoon session yesterday, urging that the health departments of all the States be incorporated into the army for the duration of the war, under the department of the Surgeon General, and that the members of the staffs of the State health departments be given a military status.

Staffs Depleted by War.

In the discussion which followed the presentation of the resolution it was set forth by many of the State health officials that the staffs of their departments had been almost totally depleted by enlistments in the military and naval service of the country. It was stated that thousands of young doctors of the country have, in order to fulfill their duty to the nation, taken commissions in the Medical Officers' Reserve Corps, and in consequence have left the equally important work at home almost derelict. It is believed that if the State health departments were placed under the control of the Surgeon General and their officials given commissions, the men who stay at home to carry on the important work here would be enabled to feel that they had completely fulfilled their military obligations.

Representatives of the provincial health departments of Canada suggested that America might follow the example of that country, which has, since the beginning of the war, successfully carried on its home health department work by using men beyond military age, young women, and in the last two years men who have returned from the front, incapacitated for further active military duty. American representatives pointed out that in the latter case America has not yet reached the stage in the war where she has great numbers of returned soldiers.

Will Act Today.

The conference will act upon the resolutions today. Dr. Mathias Nicoll, Jr., deputy commissioner, New York State Department of Health, delivered an address on "The Diagnosis of Cerebro-spinal Meningitis," and Dr. Rufus L. Cole, of Rockefeller Institute, spoke on "Pneumonia in the Army."

Board of Education Meeting Is Postponed

The meeting of the Board of Education, scheduled for yesterday, has been postponed by direction of the acting president. Unless notified to the contrary, the meeting will be held Wednesday, June 12, at 4:30 o'clock.

WIDOW SOLE BENEFICIARY.

Pochontas Pope, widow of John W. Pope, who died here March 30 last, a sole beneficiary under a will dated January 11, 1915, which was filed with Register of Wills Tanner yesterday. She also is named executrix of the estate. Its value is unknown and will not be determined until the estate has been probated.

YOUR SKIN DISEASE MEANS BAD BLOOD

Positive Warning Your Blood Needs Purifying.

When you see a person with clear skin, flushed with the color of perfect health, you will notice that the skin is smooth and free from blemishes. There are no pimples, spots, blotches, humors. It will be true of the face and true of the body. It is a sure indication that rich red blood is coursing through the veins. It means that the blood is full of red corpuscles. It would be able to throw off a minor ailment immediately, and be in much better shape to successfully combat any of the more serious and stubborn diseases, which we are all able to.

For the same reason that healthy, clear skin is an indication of strong, pure blood, blotchy and impure skin is an indication of a disordered condition of the blood. Improper eating and drinking, indigestion, or unwise treatment of simple infections, cause the blood to deteriorate, producing effete matter which acts as poison and the circulation carries these poisons to the various tissues, especially the skin. Then the blood begins to throw off the humors and clogs through the pores and glands of the skin, producing Eczema, Itch, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, and other skin eruptions of various kinds.

It usually appears with a redness of the skin, followed

Britain's King and the Letter That He Has Addressed to the American Soldiers Who Pass Through London.



SOLDIERS OF THE UNITED STATES, the people of the British Isles welcome you on your way to take your stand beside the armies of the Old World in the great battle for human freedom. The Allies will gain more heart & spirit in your march north to the land of each one of you mission.

George V.
April 1918.

Peace Prospects Distant, Correspondent Contends

Until Allies Score Crushing Victory By Means Of Full American Strength Lyon Thinks Hun Will Remain Obstinate

By C. C. LYON.
(Staff Correspondent of The Washington Herald)

With the American Army Along the Somme, June 5.—Peace seems to be a long way off just now.

After watching for some weeks at close range the great battle now raging on the Western front, my belief is that hostilities will go on for another year; possibly two.

Outstanding Features. Here are a few of the outstanding features of the present military situation:

1. The military party in Germany continues to dominate, absolutely, their government and the conduct of their war. Until the allies score a crushing military victory, Germany will doubtless remain obstinate for a peace settlement that calls for indemnities, territorial annexations, the subjugation of weaker peoples and unfair commercial advantages.

2. The great German offensive has thus far failed of its prime object;

the destruction of the French and British armies. Therefore, Germany is not in position to dictate terms.

3. The allies are now, with the help of America, the equal of Germany on the Western front in men, guns and munitions. The morale of the allies is vastly higher. America's food storehouses are keeping the allied populations from hunger, while there is dire suffering in the Teutonic countries.

4. Every day now sees the arrival in France of more American troops, and every day will see the allies grow stronger. It does not appear likely, then, that the allies would be willing to end the war on terms favorable to Germany when, by holding on until America gets here "in crushing force," there will be the certain prospect of victory and peace on allied terms.

5. On the other hand Germany would appear to have reason for not wanting to stop the war now. The coming of the Americans in much larger numbers, of course, is a real menace to German hopes of a great military victory, but balanced against this is the fact that she has put Russia and Rumania out of the war. With a prospect of saving of starvation from their civilian population, the German military dictatorship undoubtedly figures that its armies can cope with any opposition in the field.

"Crushing Victory" Slow.

6. It does not appear that the allies are able to score a complete military victory over Germany. This would imply the breaking of the German line in the West. To convince Germany she was licked it would be necessary to push her back across her own borders.

7. The "crushing victory" over Germany will likely come only after America has from 1,000,000 to 2,000,000 bayonets in the line, and has turned the weight of numbers so overwhelmingly in the allies' favor that Germany cannot withstand the offensive among its civilian population. It will be many months before the Americans are here in sufficient numbers to justify such a "push."

8. America is in no mood now to terminate the war on any terms that do not mean the complete defeat of Germany.

Therefore, all these things considered, it would look as if the war must go on for a long time.

It must be borne in mind, however, that something may happen any time, within the central powers, that would cause Germany sincerely to seek peace.

Austria-Hungary is said to be seething with sentiment for peace. Emperor Karl has been sensible for a long time to the growing discontent among his people over the war.

If the allies should be able to drive a diplomatic wedge between Germany and Austria, the damage to Germany would be incalculable. This prospect, however, is not a good one to build hopes upon.

U. S. Helps Morale.

As against the possible breaking up of the Teutonic alliance, the allies were never closer in aims and purposes than today. After months of patient waiting, France and Great Britain are now seeing the first worth-while military results of America's participation in the war in the daily arrival of new troops to help in the fight. This has done more to anything else to buck them up and make them confident of ultimate victory.

The allies are determined on a final fight, and nothing but a cold knockout for Germany will satisfy them.

Historical Ground Again Performs Patriotic Duty

Hazleton, Pa., June 5.—The famous Buck Mountain, near here, will do its bit in beating the Kaiser. The patriotic coal which fired John Brown's Monitor when it defeated the Confederate ram Merrimack came from the ground of Buck Mountain and now that same ground has been turned over to amateur war gardeners for the raising of potatoes.

M. RHODES SHOT WIFE, THEN IS ACQUITTED

A Jury in Justice Stafford's court yesterday acquitted Mansfield E. Rhodes of two separate charges of assault with intent to kill and assault with a dangerous weapon, for shooting his wife, Sarah E. Rhodes, April 4, last. Both are negroes.

The testimony at the trial showed that the pair have a 14-month-old child, and that at the time of the shooting defendant had implored his wife to mend her ways and take care of this child. For answer she is alleged to have risen from her bed and started for a bureau where a revolver was kept, but her husband beat her to it, and shot her through the neck.

Daniel W. Baker and Robert L. Miller defended Rhodes.

While Over There He Gets Diploma Over Here

Knoxville, Tenn., June 5.—Although Clay Barber, Knoxville, is "over there," a formal presentation of a diploma to him as the only boy graduate of the Carter High School occurred here. Patrons attending the school's exercises beheld the seat of the only boy graduate draped with Old Glory.

Sly Shots at the Solons.

By THE OBSERVER.

Mr. Hoover's statement on the wartime prohibition matter will probably be conclusive unless Mr. Bryan feels like appealing from the decision of the chair. Wonder if he does?

Indiana weeps today for a man who filled the vice presidential chair with signal honor. Her grief is the grief of the nation, too.

Senator Pomeroy, if he were asked, might express some interest in the failure of the State Department to make an early report on the draft treaty matter affecting British subjects in this country. Seems to be an important matter.

Representative Rogers beamed on us today with a Nickersonian smile that out-nicked Nick. He is one of those individuals with whom this city ought to get better acquainted.

Mr. Brisbane, from far-off Chicago, probably took some delight in reading that Mr. Hoover had put his hoof upon the wartime prohibition movement. For didn't Mr. Brisbane suggest that very thing to Mr. Hoover?

We take it from the actions of Congress the District is not soon to be given the right to vote. For while there are many who favor the idea there are many who oppose it. And the latter "many" outnumber the former "many" it happens.

We used to know a Christian preacher who looked precisely like Senator Pittman, of Nevada. He was an oratorical genius, too, and frequently won a respectful hearing through eloquence rather than logic of the Scripture itself. Such was his power of speech.

"Billy" Sunday has done precisely what he told us here he would do—he has given his freewill offering to the cause of the war mission where he was saved. In those days he wore white socks, but he was not so sure that his soul was exactly the same color.

Boles Penrose was observed walking about the halls of Congress as if in a stupor. There were those who saw him, however, who said he was only concentrating his mind on the Pennsylvania political situation. The explanation must suffice, the Senator says.

A lot of Michiganders are not sure that they want William Alden Smith to drop out of the Senate. They are insistent that he be run again—but he is not willing to say the word just yet. Meanwhile Ford is said not to covet the job at all.

Former Senator Edmunds, of Vermont, is living in California at the age of 92 years. He expects to add eight more to it, too. Pretty good for one who has been subjected to the disfigurements of holding public office, we think.

WAR WORKING GIRLS TO SLEEP OUT OF DOORS

War Camp Community Service Provides Attractive Camp.

The War Camp Community Service, Vocation and Overnights Camp, for girls employed in Washington, is to be opened June 5, and the registration list shows the popularity of the idea of sleeping in the open during the hot summer.

The camp is situated on high ground along the shore of the Potomac. Facilities for both hot and cold shower baths are provided, and the usual discomforts of camp life are being removed by ingenious and attractive devices planned by experts.

Besides the fifty large army tents with floor bottoms, the camp possesses a large mess hall, seating 300 persons, a recreation hall with stage and a delightful out-of-door cafe to be used by guests or members of the camp and passers-by. Several acres of scientifically cultivated ground are to furnish an abundance of fresh vegetables, and the girls of the camp are to be privileged to pursue agricultural interests in case they so desire. Classes in first aid, trench French, agriculture and canning are to be held.

House Party Tests.

Several groups of girls in government divisions are planning to have house party tests, and it is to the interest of those who are anxious to have accommodations for such groups to register with the War Camp Community Service as soon as possible.

Facilities for field hockey, basketball, baseball and tennis are being developed, and the attractive grove adjoining the camp is full of nooks where hammocks may be swung and tea may be served to private groups. Places at the camp are now available from the present day until the first of September, at the rate of \$2.00 per week, without meals. Breakfast will be served at the canteen for 30 cents.

Information may be obtained from the War Camp Community Service, 1515 G Street, S.E.; phone, Main 328, Branch 24.

RAH, RAH BOYS TO GET OFFICERS' TRAINING

Camps for College Men to Accommodate 6,500.

The Adjutant General's Office has been advised that in each of the three training camps for college students, opened last Monday, the full quota of prospective officers is in attendance.

The camps are at Plattsburg, N. Y., where 3,000 students are enrolled; Fort Sheridan, Ill., where there are 2,000 students; and the Presidio, San Francisco, where the number is 1,000. The students in each camp are to receive a month's training.

The Plattsburg Camp is in command of Col. Clarence Dwyer, of the 12th Infantry. Maj. Edward W. McCaskey, U. S. A., retired, who is professor of military science and tactics at the University of Illinois, is in command at Fort Sheridan, and Lieut. Col. Henry M. Ditchman at the Presidio. Retired army officers have been assigned to each camp as instructors.

There will be also for each forty students a national army officer who is a graduate of one of the officers' training camps.

Infantry instruction only is to be given. Full equipment is furnished, and the students receive meals and subsistence. The object is to prepare the students with such additional training as may be prescribed for commissions in the Officers' Reserve Corps.

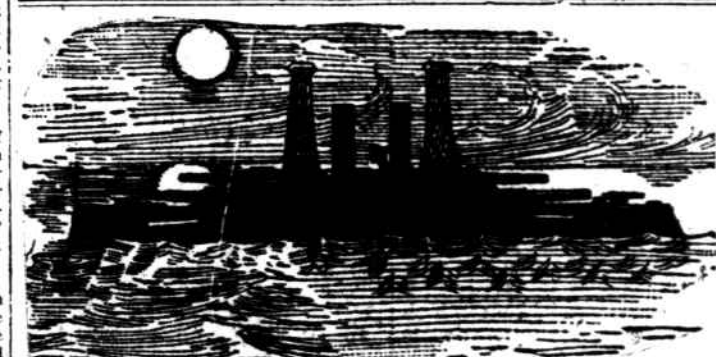
NEW YORK HOTEL ARRIVALS.

The following residents of Washington are registered at New York hotels:

Grand—J. W. Connelly, W. S. Connelly, Woodward—A. G. Faris, Latham—E. B. Hartley, Gregory—Mrs. M. Huske, Naxos—C. K. Jones, Herald Square—L. A. Jordan, Flanders—J. Kilduff, Longacre—T. J. Moore, Broxton—D. H. Moss, Latham—J. G. O'Neil, Herald Square—H. Oldroyd, Broxton—C. J. Stockman, Park Avenue—R. A. Fosdick.

TRADE REPRESENTATIVES: Caroline King & Sons; H. King, ready-to-wear and millinery; Hotel Cumberland.

Woodward & Lothrop, 334 Fourth avenue; J. M. Buxzell, dress goods, cotton goods, linings; F. E. Mack, white goods and linens; H. E. Hunteberry, men's clothing.



On Watch! Prepared for German U-Boats Somewhere on the Atlantic

Our ships and men are prepared and waiting for the deadly attack of the U-boat. Our men at home in their ordinary life-work should be prepared for the hidden enemy as well.

The body, like our Dreadnaughts, is a highly organized machine of complicated parts in which the stomach, liver and kidneys work for the common good. Damage to any one of these organs interferes with man as a motor mechanism. If you will take care of the stomach, liver and bowels occasionally with a gentle laxative you can keep well. Too much fuel in man's machine, such as eating too much meat, or alcohol or tea, nervous overwork, and the lack of exercise in outdoor air bring constipation and bad health. Eat less meat, plenty of vegetables, and with fresh air and good exercise you need little else.

If the liver needs rousing—and most of us need it once a week—take a safe vegetable extract of the leaves of aloe, Mayapple, root of jalap, made into a sugar-coated pill, sold by almost every druggist, as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets—first put up nearly fifty years ago and largely used by almost every one today.

Chicago "Worst Boy" Hunt Rounds Up One Who Ranks a Favorite

Cleveland, Ohio, June 5.—The search for the "Worst Boy" goes on. They thought they had found him in Cleveland, but investigation proved that he was but 69 per cent bad, so he was rejected. Representatives of the "Boys' Brotherhood" Republic of Chicago are making a tour of the largest cities of the country in search of the worst boy in the United States. When they find him they are going to take him to Chicago and try to reform him.

After a couple of days' search in Cleveland, a boy, name not given, was brought in for examination. He is 15 years old, associates with thieves, bets on prize fights, drinks whisky, gambles, uses tobacco, plays pool, "hops" freight trains, roams the streets at night, uses vile and obscene language, ran away from school, has been at the State farm for boys, is a gang leader, has been arrested three times, was chased by policemen many times more, says Cleveland is a small "burg" and "leader" in a door nail, calls reform schools "pans" and can't talk two minutes in succession without swearing.

But he is 69 per cent bad, for he admitted that he worked for his mother at one time and confessed that he loved his mother and would write to her if he knew where to reach her. Still, with so many points taken from his record as the country's worst boy, he still leads for "badness" and may prove that there is no 100 per cent bad boy, and that 69 per cent is the limit.

HOUSE DEAD SOLDIER TALE TERMED PLANT

Empty Liquor Bottles "Placed" in Office Building, Says Randall.

For a scant three minutes yesterday the House of Representatives was taken by surprise by Representative Randall, California prohibitionist, as he characterized as a "plant" the attempt to lead the public to believe that the House Office Building was a dumping ground for whisky containers, after their contents had been drunk by members of Congress.

With an empty beer bottle of the vintage of 1917, four and a half per cent alcohol, Representative Randall convinced the House that this bottle was "planted" where it was found, along with the others. Usually when a lot of empty beer bottles lie around for a year or more they accumulate quite a little dust. Mr. Randall stated, but the bottles referred to, although labeled 1917, did not have any dust on them when found, showing clearly that they had been brought into the House Office Building and "planted."

The House Office Building is a dumping ground for whisky containers, after their contents had been drunk by members of Congress. More than two and three-quarters per cent alcohol, thus eliminating any chance that the bottles referred to by Mr. Randall could be recently emptied and thrown where they were found.

Summing up, Mr. Randall characterized the whole proceeding as "disgusting and disgraceful."

P. O. BILL TO IGNORE EMPLOYEES' REQUESTS

Workers Want Seventh Day of Week for Rest.

The conference report on the post-office appropriation bill does not pay very much attention to the protest of the postoffice employees in regard to their accepting overtime pay in lieu of compensatory time off.

The Senate passed the bill recently and ignored the appeal of the thousands of employees who argued that, with the present small force, the seventh day of the week was sorely needed by them for rest. This feature of the bill, while it appears to be a concession to the employees, really works a hardship, the employees say, because of the fact that they will invariably have to work overtime when they need rest, and be forced to accept overtime pay, when they do not wish to.

Kansas-Farm Hands To Get Pay by Hour

Hays, Kan., June 5.—No more will the Kansas hired man be compelled to get up in the dark at 3 a. m., feed the horses, milk the cows, carry swill and do other farm chores before breakfast. Nor will he have to do the same chores after a twelve or fourteen-hour day in the field.

Western Kansas farmers, following a conference with E. E. Frixell, State farm labor commissioner, have agreed they will pay by the hour instead of the day.

Eastern Kansas farmers have agreed to pay from 30 to 50 cents an hour for farm work.

RESTAURANTS TO CONSERVE WHEAT FLOUR

May Serve Bread Made Entirely of Substitutes Officially Ordered.

Wheatless bread for serving in restaurants, hotels and other public eating places has been recommended to the District Food Administration by the luncheon committee of the administration.

The recommendation was made in a report of the committee, submitted to Food Administrator Wilson yesterday. Mr. Wilson has announced that he would consider the recommendation for several days before taking any action on it.

The committee, in its report, stated that there was immediate need of reducing the amount of wheat bread consumed, and that the most effective way of doing this would be to compel all public eating places to serve an absolutely wheatless bread. The committee believes that even the different kinds of victory breads, containing from 30 to 25 per cent of wheat substitutes, require the unnecessary use of a large quantity of wheat.

That the bakers of the city can produce an absolutely wheatless bread, which is both nourishing and palatable, has already been demonstrated by several of their number, who submitted samples before the food administrator and exhibited breads of this kind, of which they declared they could produce in large quantities, if called upon to do so by the food administrator. The conclusion of the committee's report was as follows:

Can Supply Wheatless.

"We know full well that the bakers of this city are able to supply an absolutely wheatless bread, which is equal in food quality and appearance to wheat bread, and respectfully request you to promulgate and enforce a regulation compelling the use of wheatless bread in all public eating places in this city; and we also request you to send a copy hereof to all bakers in this city, requesting them to serve only wheatless bread to all public-eating places."

The membership of the luncheon committee, all of whom are representative restaurant and luncheon men, is as follows: Charles J. Langmead, chairman; J. M. Dulin, W. H. Plummer, H. N. Taylor, Alexander Munaster, B. Rosefield and Louis Mandes.

Mrs. Maud Ware Beneficiary.

Mrs. Sarah E. Pierce, who died in this city recently, willed everything to her daughter, Mrs. Maud Ware, of Washington, according to a will dated April 30, 1915, which was read yesterday. She is named executrix of the estate.

CORNS LIFT OUT! COSTS FEW CENTS

Drops of magic! Doesn't hurt one bit! Drop a little Freezone on a touchy corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it off with the fingers. No pain! Try it!



Why wait? Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of Freezone for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses, without soreness or irritation. Freezone is the much talked of discovery of the Cincinnati genius.

EVERYONE MAY CARRY "IT" INTO DISTRICT

Judge Hardison Defines Legal "Shipping" of Whisky.

Whisky or other intoxicating liquor brought into the District of Columbia, whether in a pocket, a suitcase, bag or in an automobile, provided it is for the personal use of the person bringing it, is not a shipment in the meaning of the law.

Judge Hardison made this decision yesterday in the case of a man charged with bringing a quantity of alcoholic liquor from Baltimore into the District in an automobile after 5 o'clock p. m. It does not matter what time of day, Judge Hardison said, a person brings liquor in for his personal use. It is not a shipment, he said, and therefore not a punishable offense. Assistant Corporation Counsel Ringgold Hart announced that he will apply to the Court of Appeals for a writ of error. James A. O'Shea was the attorney in the case which Judge Hardison decided.



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